MM Pricing Procedure:

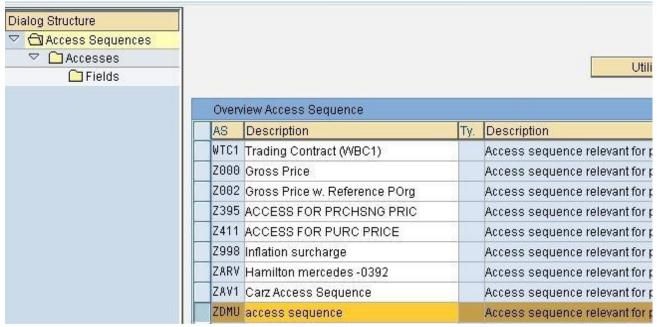
In MM module, pricing procedure is used during RFQ and PO creation. Total value of material based on all addition and subtraction like discount, surcharge, tax, freight, etc. In this we are defining pricing procedure and linking to vendor and purchase department through the virtual schema.

The Basic thing is Condition Technique. In which there are

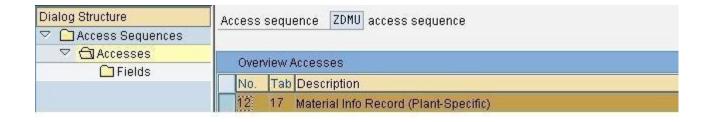
1. Access Sequence 2. Condition Record 3. Condition Type 4. Condition Table.

step1: Define Access Sequence

A) GO to SPRO-IMG-Material Management- Purchasing- Conditions-Define Price Determination Process.



b)create access number and condition table(A combination of fields that defines the key of a condition record).

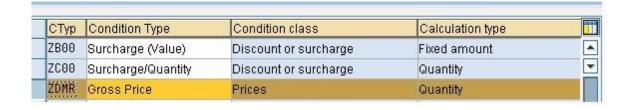


c)create field for a condition table.



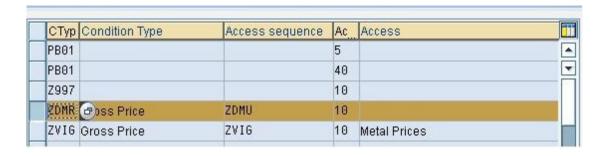
step2:Define condition type

a)create a new condition type and mention its class and its type.



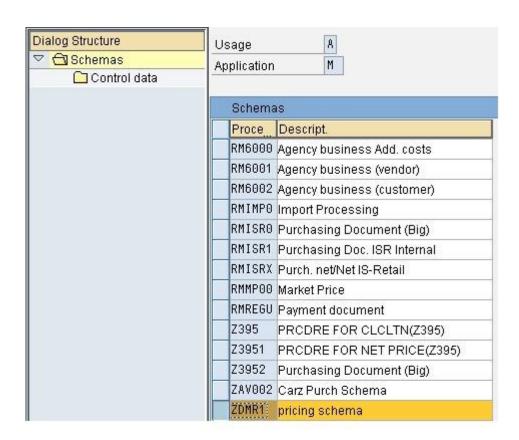
b)mention the master data and control data for condition types.

Condit. type	ZDMR Gross Price	Access seq.	ZDMU Metal Prices
		-/	Records for access
Control data 1			
Cond. class	B Prices		Plus/minus positive a
Calculat.type	C Quantity		
Cond.category	H Basic price		
Rounding rule	Commercial		
StrucCond.			
Group condition			11 <u></u>
Group cond.		GrpCond.routine	
RoundDiffCor	mp		
01			
Changes which o			
Manual entries	No limitations		
Header condit		✓ Amount/perc	
✓ Item condition	Delete	☐ Value	Calculat.type
Master data			
valid from	Today's date	PricingProc	RM0002
Valid to	31.12.9999	delete fr. DB	Do not delete (set the deletion 🖺
RefConType		Condition in	dex
RefApplicatio			

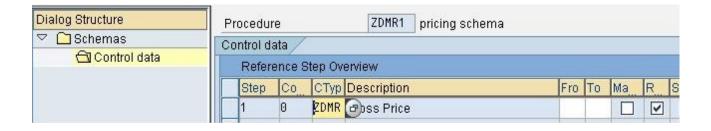


step3:define calculation schema

a)create calculation schema or procedure(Specifies the conditions that are allowed for a document and defines the sequence in which they are used).



b)mention the control data(ex:gross price,discount,surcharge) for condition type.In our example gross price included.

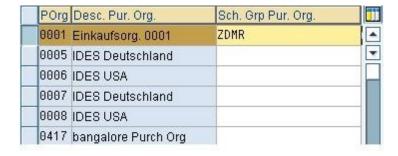


step4:Define Schema group

a) define schema group purchasing organization.



b)assign purchasing org to schema group purchasing organization



c)define schema group for vendor.

Sch.Grp Vndr	Description			
	Standard procedure vendor			
01	Procedure vendor			
EB	Enterprise Buyer			
KD	shema group for KD & Co.	a group for KD & Co.		
MS	PPRICING SCHEMA(Z395)	f		
R1 Retail vendor				

step5:Define Schema determination

a)Determine Calculation Schema for Standard Purchase Order

Schema GrpPOrg	Sch.Grp Vndr	Proc.	Description
		RM0000	Purchasing Document (Big)
	01	RM1000	Document
	EB	EBP000	Purchasing Document (Big) EBP
0001		RM1000	Document
0001	01	RM1000	Document
R001		RMISRO	Purchasing Document (Big)
R001	R1	RMISR1	Purchasing Doc. ISR Internal
Z395		Z3952	Purchasing Document (Big)
Z395	MS	Z3952	Purchasing Document (Big)
Z411	KD	ZKD411	Purchasing Document (Big)
ZAV1	01	ZAV002	Carz Purch Schema
ZDMR	(3)	ZDMR1	pricing schema

b)Determine Calculation Schema for Determination of Market Price

POrg Desc. Pur. Org.	Market Price Schema	Description	
0001 🗗 kaufsorg, 0001	ZDMR1	pricing schema	<u> </u>
0005 IDES Deutschland			▼
0006 IDES USA			

step6: Go to transaction MEK1.specify the amount for the material using the condition type - zdmr(as used above)



step7:go to transaction me21 and create purchase order for specific vendor used in condition type. once we fill the material, quantity then net value of the material fetched automatically by condition type using calculation schema.



I think this will help you. Actually the Pricing is a vast. Because each Condition have its own importance and each Access Sequence have its own importance. So you need not bother about this. First you learn how to define the Calculation Schema through the above.

Here we can create many Calculation Schema which can assign one schema to Local vendors another schema to out side vendor one more schema to foreign vendors like that we can classify.